

Focus on Language

6. Look at the following sentences. Answer the questions below the table.

1	2
1.a. My mum is a person. She works very hard.	2.a. My mum is a person who works very hard.
1.b. I have lots of friends. They are older than me.	2.b. I have lots of friends who are older than me.
1.c. I live in a flat. It is in the city centre.	2.c. I live in a flat that is in the city centre.
1.d. I do lots of chores. They are really boring.	2.d. I do lots of chores which are really boring.

- Which words are in bold?
- How many sentences are there in number 1.a?
- How many sentences are there in 2.a?
- What word does **who** replace in sentence 2.b?
- What words does **that** replace in 2.c?
- Does **who** describe people or things in sentences 2.a and 2.b?
- Do **that** and **which** describe people or things in sentences 2.c and 2.d?

Useful language

- We use relative clauses to give extra information about a noun.

Who *I have lots of friends.*

They are older than me. I have lots of friends who are older than me.

- We use **who** to give extra information about people.

That *I live in a flat.*

It is in the city centre. I live in a flat that is in the city centre.

Which *I do lots of chores.*

They are really boring. I do lots of chores which are really boring.

- We use **which** or **that** to give extra information about objects and things.

7. Join the sentences with **who** or **which / that**.

- A friend is a person ... is always there to help you.
- I have a bedroom ... I share with my brother.
- My best friend is someone ... has the same hobbies as me.
- A relationship is something ... most kids my age don't have.
- I only have online followers ... are people I know.
- My home town is a city ... has lots of places to go out with my friends.